



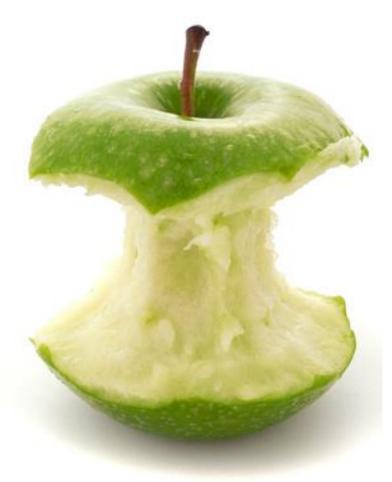
# **Practical Skills for Resolving Conflict**







What is the Partnership?



# **Core Principles:**

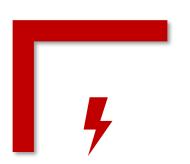
Conflict is inevitable.

How we deal with conflict is our choice.

## Objectives

- 1. Define conflict and its impact on the workplace.
- 2. Describe how the brain reacts to conflict.
- 3. Identify the conflict cycle.
- 4. Identify the resolution cycle.
- 5. Describe resolution gestures.

# Roadmap











Conflict and Its Impact

The Brain

Conflict Cycle

Resolution Cycle

Resolution Gestures





A serious disagreement caused by the actual or perceived opposition of needs, values, and interests between people working together; it exists when one person has a need of another person that is not met.

Impact of Workplace Conflict

Waste of resources

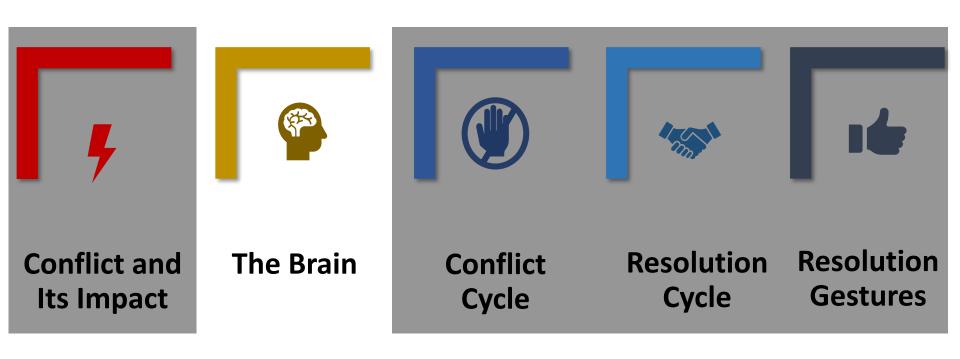
Negatively impacts decision making

Hidden cancer in organizations

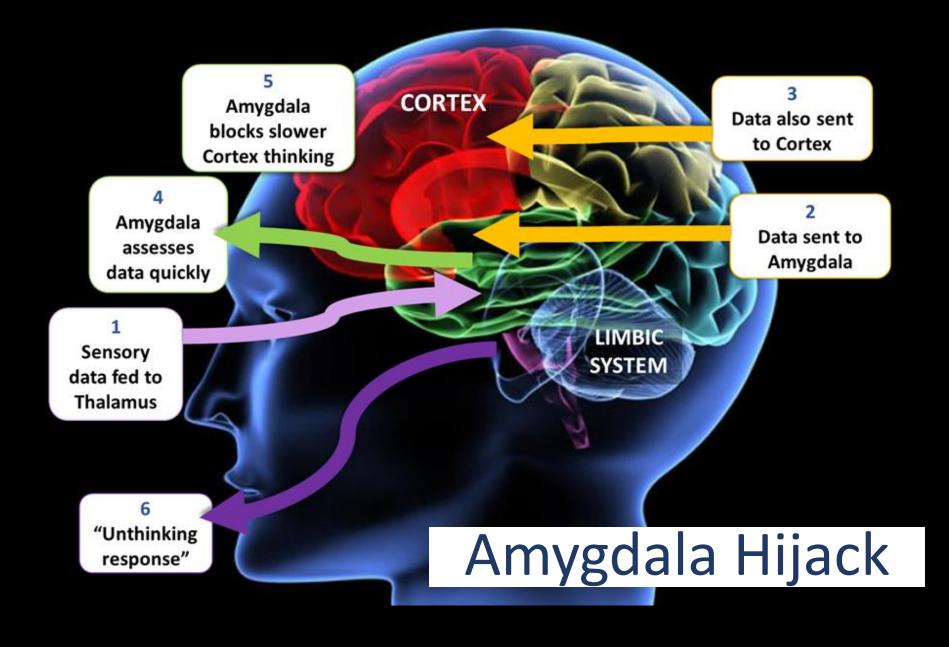




# Roadmap







## Discovering Our Conflict Reflexes

### **Power Plays**

- Shouting
- Threatening
- Pre-empting
- Getting others to take sides
- Hostile gestures

### Walk Aways

- Avoiding
- Withdrawing
- Withholding information
- Not returning messages
- Silent treatment

## Think About a Past Conflict ...

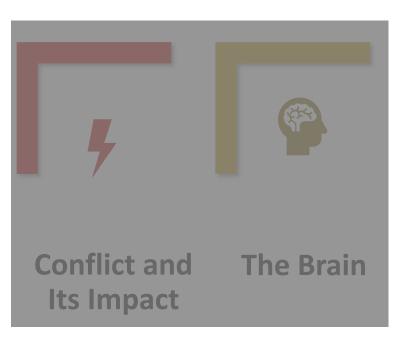


What strategy did you respond with?

A. Power Play

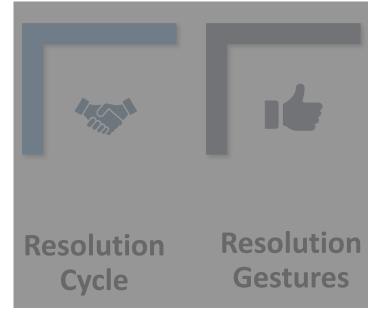
B. Walk-Away

# Roadmap

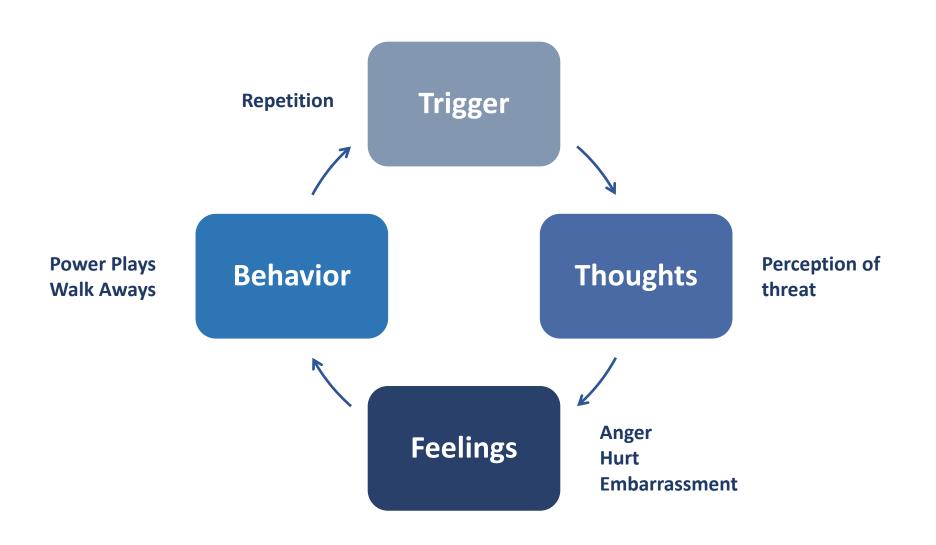








# The Conflict Cycle







The Cardinal Rules of Dialogue

## Dialogue vs. Debate





Collaborative; both sides work together

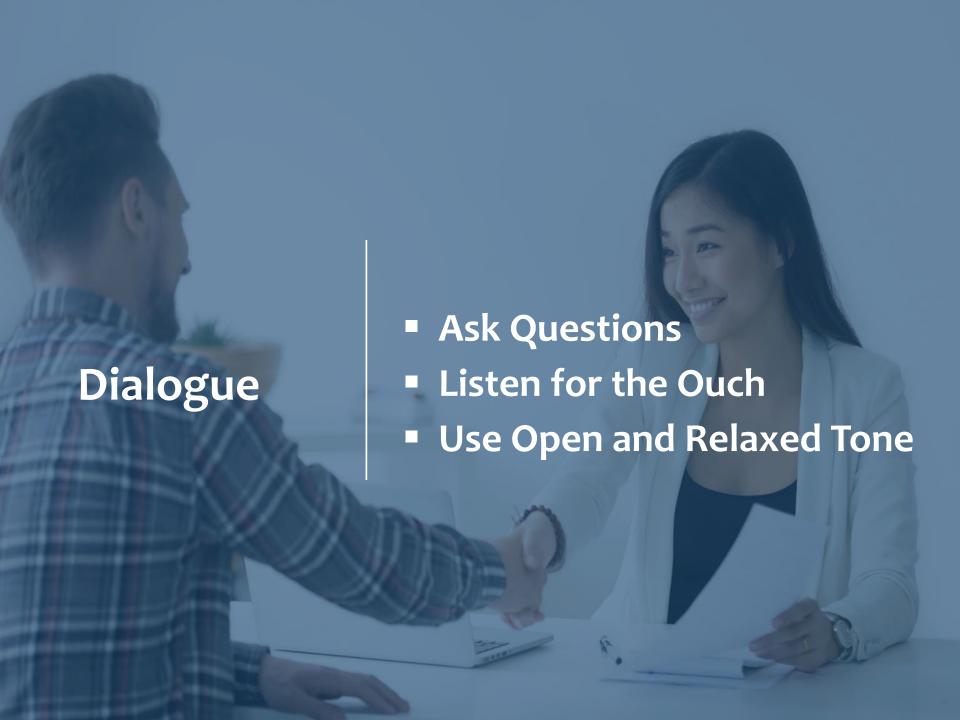
Type of fight; oppose each other to prove each other wrong

Everyone contributes to solving a problem

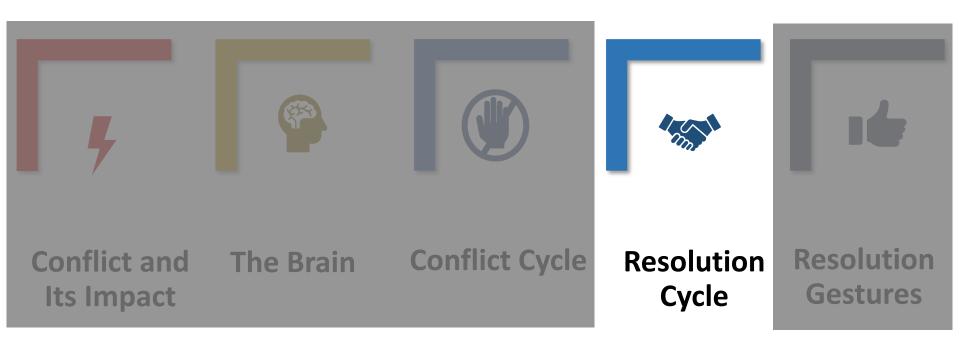
One person and viewpoint wins, the other is dismissed

Listen to each other to understand and build agreement

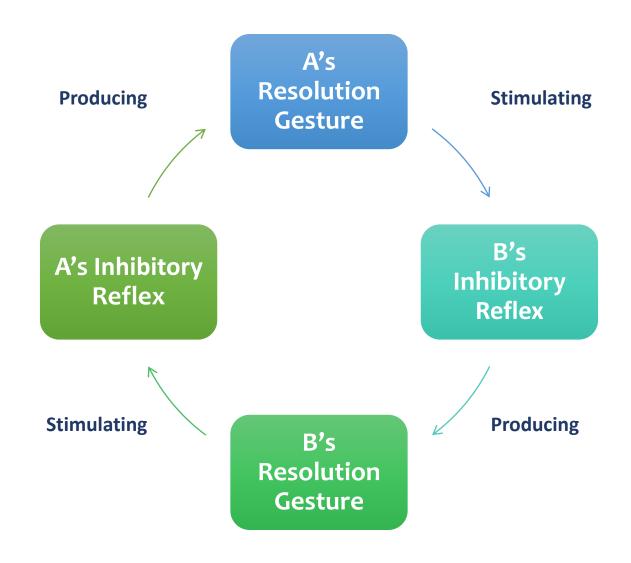
Listen to each other to find flaws and disagree



# Roadmap

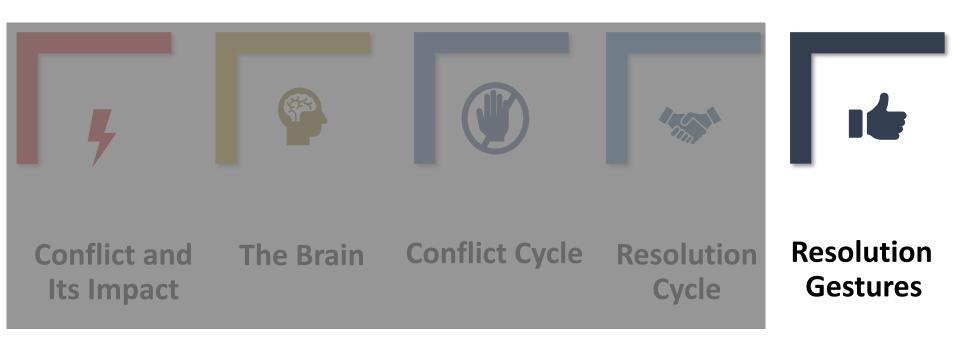


# The Resolution Cycle





## Roadmap



## Resolution Gestures

### **Apologizing**

"I am sorry that my comments embarrassed you. It was thoughtless of me."

### **Owning responsibility**

"I see now that I contributed to the problem. I did not see that before."

### Conceding

"I'm willing to meet with you, if you are willing to do it at a time that is convenient for both of us."

## Resolution Gestures

### **Self-disclosing**

"I have been overwhelmed with work and I took it out on you."

### **Expressing positive feelings**

"You're a competent and skilled professional."

### **Initiating both-gain**

"How do you suggest that we solve this?"

## Resolution Gestures

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# Large Group Activity



### CASE SCENARIO - FROWN AT THE GROUNDS

Louis works for the grounds department on campus and has been assigned Spring clean-up duties in several areas with a newer employee, Erik. Erik was hired six months ago; this is his first Spring on the job. Louis has been at the campus for 20 years and knows the routine.

Erik takes the initiative to make a list of what needs to be done: cut and remove broken limbs; mow and rake; get picnic tables out of storage.

Because of an equipment shortage, Louis does not have access to a chainsaw. He needs to finish this area and start on the next due to staffing shortages. Louis tells Erik to start mowing and he will load up the picnic tables and bring them over.

Erik argues that they need to cut down the low hanging limbs and broken branches before the mowing begins. Louis is frustrated with the "kid" questioning his experience and tells him that gravity will do the trick for the branches to fall. Erik continues to argue and states that it doesn't make sense and he will wait for a chainsaw to become available. Louis yells at Erik that he expects the lawn mowed by the time he returns with the tables. Before Erik can respond, Louis jumps in the truck and drives away.

#### 1. Conflict

Is this a conflict? If yes, briefly describe the conflict.

What was the conflict about? Who was involved?



### 2. Brain Responses

Was there evidence of an amygdala hijack or conflict reflexes (power plays or walk-aways)?

If so, what were they?



### 3. Conflict Cycle

What was the trigger?

What was the thought?

What was the feeling?

What was the behavior?



### 4. Resolution

How would you resolve the conflict?

What resolution gesture(s) would you choose?



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Is this a conflict? Briefly describe the conflict. What was the conflict about? Who was involved?

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Was there evidence of an amygdala hijack or conflict reflexes (power plays or walk-aways)? If so, what were they?

#### 3. Conflict Cycle

What was the trigger? What was the thought? What was the feeling? What was the behavior?

#### 4. Resolution

How would you resolve the conflict? What resolution gesture(s) would you choose?

# **Key Points**



Conflict is inevitable – how you handle it is your choice.

Every disagreement is not a conflict.

Resolving conflict can be an opportunity for growth and exploration.

Resolution gestures usually break the conflict cycle.

## **Questions and Evaluation**

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